

**Міністерство освіти і науки України
Західноукраїнський національний університет
Юридичний факультет**



ЗАТВЕРДЖУЮ

Г.в.о. декана юридичного факультету
Валентина СЛОМА
_____ 2025 р.



ЗАТВЕРДЖУЮ

Проректор з науково-педагогічної роботи
Віктор ОСТРОВЕРХОВ
_____ 2025 р.

РОБОЧА ПРОГРАМА

з дисципліни “Право Європейського Союзу”

Ступінь вищої освіти – бакалавр

Галузь знань – 29 Міжнародні відносини

Спеціальність – 293 Міжнародне право

Освітньо-професійна програма – «Міжнародне право»

Кафедра міжнародного та європейського права

Форма навчання	Курс	Семестр	Лекції (год.)	Практичні заняття (год.)	ІРС (год.)	Тренінг (год.)	Самост. робота студ. (год.)	Всього (год.)	Екзамен (сем.)
Денна	3	5	32	14	3	6	65	120	5

29.08.2025

Робоча програма складена на основі освітньо-професійної програми підготовки магістра галузі знань 29 Міжнародні відносини, спеціальності 293 Міжнародне право, затвердженій Вченою радою ЗУНУ, протокол № 10 від 23.06.2022 р.

Робочу програму склала д.о. завідувача кафедрою міжнародного та європейського права, доцент, к.ю.н. Людмила САВАНЕЦЬ.

Робоча програма затверджена на засіданні кафедри міжнародного та європейського права, протокол № 1 від 26.08.2025 р.

В.о. завідувача кафедри



Людмила САВАНЕЦЬ

Гарант ОПП



Людмила САВАНЕЦЬ

1. DESCRIPTION OF THE DISCIPLINE «EUROPEAN UNION LAW»

Discipline – European Union law	Field of knowledge, Specialty, Educational and Professional Program, higher education degree	Characteristics of the academic discipline
Number of credits ECTS – 4	Field of knowledge – 29 International relations	Discipline status: mandatory Language of study: English
The number of credits modules – 4	Specialty – 293 International law	Study year – 3 Semester – 5
Number of contents modules – 2	Educational and Professional Program - International Law	Lectures – 32 hours. Practical classes – 14 hours.
Total hours – 120	Higher education degree – bachelor	Student-self-study - 69 hours. Training, CPIT – 6 hours. Individual work – 3 hours.
Weekly hours - 22 hours, including 11 hours of classroom hours.		The type of final control is an exam

2. THE PURPOSE AND TASK OF STUDYING THE DISCIPLINE «EUROPEAN UNION LAW»

2.1. The purpose of studying the discipline:

The **purpose** of studying the discipline is for students to acquire knowledge about the legal foundations of the formation of the European Union, the sources and principles of the European Union law, the foundations of the construction and functioning of the institutional bodies of the European Union, the legal status of a person and a citizen in the European Union. Special attention is paid to the analysis of the legal foundations of the internal market and common policies of the European Union, legal regulation of relations between Ukraine and the European Union.

2.2. The task of studying the discipline:

The **task** of studying the discipline consists in forming an understanding of the essence and peculiarities of the European Union law, the main theoretical foundations and genesis of European unity, institutional, legal, economic aspects of the functioning of the European Union, European integration policy of Ukraine.

2.3. Name and description of competencies, the formation of which ensures the study of the discipline:

- Ability to critically understand the theories, principles, methods and concepts of international law, European law, comparative law, to take into account the temporal factor and to predict the main directions of development of legal systems.

- Ability to form judgments in the field of international, European, national law, comparative jurisprudence, taking into account social, scientific and ethical aspects.

- Ability to interpret and apply the European Union law, to participate in the harmonization of Ukrainian legislation with the law of the EU, to provide legal support for the European and Euro-Atlantic integration of Ukraine.

2.4. Prerequisites for studying the discipline:

The study of the academic discipline “European Union Law” is carried out on the basis of the knowledge acquired by students from the academic disciplines “Politology”, “History of international law”, “Public international law (general part)”, which leads to a more thorough study of the main categories and content of the European Union law.

2.5. Program learning outcomes:

- To know and understand the normative provisions, doctrines and principles of functioning of international and national legal systems, to analyze and qualify legal phenomena on this basis, to apply international legal norms and principles in the national legal system.

- To analyze the dynamics of harmonization of Ukrainian legislation with the European Union law, to take into account the legal aspects of European and Euro-Atlantic integration processes in solving complex professional problems.

- Communicate to specialists and non-specialists information, ideas, problems, solutions and own experiences on current issues of European and Euro-Atlantic integration, international, national and comparative law.

- Formulate conclusions, develop recommendations, justify one's own vision of ways to solve problems in the field of law-making, law interpretation and law enforcement.

- To know modern scientific achievements in the field of international and national law, to have skills in research work, to interpret the results of scientific research and to take them into account in practical professional activities.

3. PROGRAM OF EDUCATIONAL DISCIPLINE «EUROPEAN UNION LAW»

Content module 1.

Topic 1. Formation of the European Union.

Historical prerequisites of European integration. Early projects of "united Europe". The idea of a United States of Europe. Monnet-Schumann plan. Stages of creation of European communities. Treaties during the formation of the European Union. The main tasks formulated in the Maastricht Treaty. Treaty of Amsterdam. Treaty of Nice. Treaty of Lisbon. The main symbols of the European Union. Flag of the European Union. European anthem. European currency.

Topic 2. Sources of European Union law.

Concept of sources of the European Union law. Key values of the EU. Peculiarities of sources of EU law. Classification of sources of EU law. Primary law and secondary sources of European Union law. Sources of EU primary law. Regulations. Directives. Decision. Recommendations. Principles of European Union law. The principle of single legal personality. The principle of subsidiarity. The principle of proportionality. The principle of conscientious cooperation. Principles of European governance.

Topic 3. Institutional bodies of the European Union.

Basic principles of creation and functioning of institutions and bodies of the European Union. System of political institutions and bodies. Functions of the institutional mechanism of the European Union. Legislative function. Executive function. Budget function. European Parliament. Composition of the European Parliament. Member of the European Parliament. Basic powers of political groups. Chairman of the European Parliament. Presidium of the European Parliament. Conference of heads of the European Parliament. Main spheres of powers of the European Parliament. European Council. Members of the European Council. President of the European Council. Council of the European Union. Formations of the Council of the European Union. Chairman of the Council of the European Union. General Secretariat of the Council of the European Union. Powers of the Council of the European Union. The European Commission. The main tasks of the European Commission. Composition of the European Commission. The procedure for appointing Members of the European Commission. Powers of the President of the European Commission. The judicial system of the European Union. Court of Justice of the European Union. Advocates General. Jurisdiction of the EU court. Jurisdiction of the General Court. Specialized courts. European Central Bank. Functions of the European Central Bank. Accounting Chamber.

Topic 4. Membership in the European Union.

Basic integration requirements for the membership of states in the European Union. Copenhagen criteria. The main stages of joining the European Union. Advisory stage (evaluative stage). Negotiation stage. Review of law and its results. Negotiation position (position paper). Procedure for termination and suspension of membership in the European Union.

Topic 5. Legal status of a person and a citizen in EU law.

Formation of the institution of citizenship in the European Union. I. Kant's proposals in

"To Eternal Peace" (1795) regarding the globalization of human rights. The idea of common European citizenship by T. Marshall and D. Held. "The problem of the deficit of democracy." The final communiqué of the Paris Summit, December 9–10, 1974. Contribution of L. Tindemans to the formation of the idea of EU citizenship. Rights of citizens of the European Union according to the Maastricht and Lisbon treaties. Peculiarities of citizenship of the European Union. Rights of EU citizens. The concept of "civilian citizenship". The principle of equality. The principle of respect for human rights and basic freedoms. The principle of guaranteed rights and freedoms. Personal rights and freedoms. Political rights. Economic, social and cultural rights. The 2000 EU Charter of Fundamental Rights as the basis of the constitution of a united Europe. Features of the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the EU 2000. Structure of the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the EU 2000. Limitations of the Charter of Fundamental Rights of the EU 2000. Basics of Schengen law.

Content module 2.

Topic 6. Free movement of goods in the European Union.

Internal market of the European Union. Fiscal measures of the European Union. Custom Union. Prohibition of customs duties on imports and exports to the European Union and all duties of an equivalent nature. Prohibition of discriminatory taxation. Non-fiscal measures of the European Union. Quantitative restrictions and measures of an equivalent nature. Import restrictions. Export restrictions. Exceptions to the application of Articles 34 and 35 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union.

Topic 7. Free movement of persons in the European Union.

Principles of free movement of persons. Free movement of workers. Circle of persons who can use the right of free movement of workers. The right of citizens of the European Union to free movement within the European Union. Equal treatment for citizens of the European Union and their family members. The right of employees and their families to permanent residence after the end of employment in a member state of the European Union. Exceptions for civil servants. Restrictions on the free movement of citizens of the European Union. Procedural guarantees of free movement of citizens of the European Union. Freedom of business establishment in the European Union. Freedom of business establishment of companies. Mutual recognition of professional qualifications and diplomas. Freedom to provide and receive services. Concept of service. Cross-border nature of services in the European Union law. Freedom to obtain services in the European Union and determination of qualifications of persons providing services.

Topic 8. Freedom of movement of capital in the European Union.

Concept of capital and movement of capital. The principle of free movement of capital. Exceptions (allowed restrictions) from the principle of free movement of capital and their application. Peculiarities of regulating the provision of financial services and activities of credit institutions.

Topic 9. Common trade policy of the European Union.

The genesis of the common trade policy and customs the European Union law. Customs Union and customs territory of the European Union. Exclusive competence of the European Union in the field of common trade policy. Basic principles of the European Union regarding the tariff regulation of trade in goods. Measures of the European Union regarding non-tariff regulation of trade in goods.

Topic 10. Common customs policy and customs law of the European Union.

System and sources of customs law of the European Union. Common customs tariff of the European Union. Types of duties of the Common Customs Tariff of the European Union. Customs status and origin of goods in the European Union. Determining the customs value of goods in the European Union. Customs procedures of the European Union.

Topic 11. Competitive policy of the European Union.

Basic principles, principles and sources of competition European Union law. Principles of legal regulation of competition in the European Union. Demarcation of the competence of the European Union and the member states and the powers of the European Union in the field of competition policy. Legal consequences of violation of competition rules of the European Union. Competition rules applicable to European Union business entities. The concept of enterprises in the European Union law. The doctrine of the European economic entity in the European Union law. Anti-competitive agreements and cartel practice in the European Union law. Definition of abuse of a dominant position in the European Union law. Control of concentrations in the European Union law. Legal regulation of state aid in the European Union. Principles of legal regulation of state aid provision by European Union member states. Criteria for the compatibility of state aid with the internal market of the European Union.

Topic 12. Economic and Monetary Union.

The history of the creation of the Economic and Monetary Union. Stages of creation of the Economic and Monetary Union. Consequences of the introduction of the single European currency (euro).

Topic 13. Common agricultural policy of the European Union.

General characteristics of the common agricultural policy of the European Union. Prerequisites of the common agrarian policy of the European Union. Concepts and principles of common agricultural policy of the European Union. Tasks of the agrarian policy of the European Union. Financing of the common agricultural policy of the European Union. Concepts of "agricultural products" and "agricultural producer" in the European Union law. Legal instruments of the common agrarian policy of the European Union. General overview of the legal instruments of the common agricultural policy of the European Union. Agricultural pricing. Intervention purchases of agricultural products. Premiums and additional payments to agricultural producers. Administrative restrictions on the volume of agricultural production. Regulation of export and import of agricultural products. General overview of structural transformations in agriculture in the European Union. General characteristics of structural policy. Structural transformations of agriculture in the new member states of the European Union.

Topic 14. Intellectual property law in the European Union.

Harmonization of intellectual property rights in the European Union. Inventions. Industrial times. Trademarks. Copyright and related rights. Protection of intellectual property. The principle of free movement of goods and intellectual property rights in the European Union. Competition of the European Union and intellectual property law.

Topic 15. Protection of consumer rights in the European Union.

The history of consumer rights protection in the European Union. General characteristics of

the common policy on the protection of consumer rights in the European Union. The system of bodies of the European Union for the protection of consumer rights. Regulation of contractual obligations in the European Union law. Regulation of the quality of services in the European Union. Regulation of the provision of financial services to consumers in the European Union. Regulation of the provision of tourist services in the European Union. Regulation of the provision of services in the field of Internet and telecommunications in the European Union. Regulation of the provision of communal services in the European Union. Prohibition of unfair commercial practices and unfair advertising in the field of consumer protection. Regulation of product safety as a component of consumer protection in the European Union. Consumer Dispute Resolution in the European Union.

Topic 16. Legal regulation of relations between Ukraine and the European Union.

Formation and development of relations between Ukraine and the European Union. Legal mechanisms of cooperation between Ukraine and the European Union. Legal consequences of concluding an association agreement with the European Union. Ukraine is a candidate for membership in the European Union.

**4. STRUCTURE OF A CREDIT IN AN EDUCATIONAL DISCIPLINE
«EUROPEAN UNION LAW»**

№	Topic	Number of hours					
		Lectures	Practical classes	Student-self study	Individual work	Training, CPIT	Control measures
	Content module 1.						
1.	Formation of the European Union.	2	1	4	2	3	Questions, tests
2.	Sources of the European Union law.	2	1	4			Questions, cases
3.	Institutional bodies of the European Union.	2	2	5			Questions, cases
4.	Membership in the European Union.	2	1	4			Questions, tests
5.	Legal status of a person and a citizen in the European Union law.	2	1	4			Questions, cases
	Content module 2.						
6.	Free movement of goods in the European Union.	2	0,5	4	3	3	Questions, tests
7.	Free movement of persons in the European Union.	2	0,5	4			Questions, cases
8.	Freedom of movement of capital in the European Union.	2	1	4			Questions, cases
9.	Common trade policy of the European Union.	2	1	4			Questions, tests
10.	Common customs policy and customs law of the European Union.	2	0,5	4			Questions, cases
11.	Competitive policy of the European Union.	2	0,5	4			Questions, cases
12.	Economic and Monetary Union.	2	0,5	4			Questions, cases

13.	Common agricultural policy of the European Union.	2	0,5	4			Questions, tests
14.	Intellectual property law in the European Union.	2	1	4			Questions, cases
15.	Protection of consumer rights in the European Union.	2	1	4			Questions, tests
16.	Legal regulation of relations between Ukraine and the European Union.	2	1	4			Questions, cases
	Total	32	14	65	5	6	

5. TOPICS OF PRACTICAL CLASSES ON THE DISCIPLINE «EUROPEAN UNION LAW»

Practical class №1

Topic: Formation of the European Union. Sources of the European Union law.

Purpose: To gain knowledge of the prerequisites of European integration. To identify the peculiarities of the sources of EU law.

Questions for discussion:

1. Historical prerequisites of European integration
2. Stages of creation of European communities
3. Treaties during the formation of the European Union
4. Main symbols of the European Union
1. Concept of sources of the European Union law
2. Primary law and secondary law sources of the European Union law
3. Principles of European Union law

Practical class №2

Topic: Institutional bodies of the European Union.

Purpose: To study the peculiarities of the institutional bodies of the European Union.

Questions for discussion:

1. Basic principles of creation and functioning of institutions and bodies of the European Union
2. The European Parliament
3. European Council
4. Council of the European Union
5. European Commission
6. Judicial system of the European Union
7. European Central Bank
8. Accounting chamber

Practical lesson № 3

Topic: Membership in the European Union. Legal status of a person and a citizen in the European Union law.

Purpose: To acquire knowledge about the acquisition and termination of membership in the European Union. To acquire knowledge about the legal status of a person and a citizen in the European Union law.

Questions for discussion:

1. Basic integration requirements for the membership of states
2. in the European Union
3. The main stages of joining the European Union
4. Procedure for termination and suspension of membership in the European Union
5. Formation of the institution of citizenship in the European Union.
6. Formation of the institution of citizenship in the European Union.
7. Peculiarities of citizenship of the European Union.
8. The EU Charter of Fundamental Rights of 2000 as the basis of the constitution of a united Europe.
9. Fundamentals of Schengen law.

Practical class № 4

Topic: Free movement of goods in the European Union. Free movement of persons in the European Union. Freedom of movement of capital in the European Union.

Purpose: To consolidate knowledge about free movement of goods in the European Union. To consolidate knowledge about free movement of persons in the European Union. To consolidate knowledge about free movement of capital in the European Union.

Questions for discussion:

1. The internal market of the European Union.
2. Fiscal and non-fiscal measures of the European Union.
3. Quantitative restrictions and measures of an equivalent nature.
4. Principles of free movement of persons. Free movement of workers.
5. Circle of persons who can enjoy the right of free movement of workers.
6. Freedom of business establishment in the European Union.
7. Freedom to provide and receive services.
8. Concept of capital and movement of capital.
9. The principle of free movement of capital.
10. Exceptions (allowed restrictions) from the principle of free movement of capital and their application.
11. Features of regulation of provision of financial services and activities of credit institutions.

Practical class № 5

Topic: Common trade policy of the European Union. Common customs policy and customs law of the European Union. Competitive policy of the European Union.

Purpose: To gain knowledge about the common trade policy of the European Union. To gain knowledge about the common customs policy of the European Union. To gain knowledge about the competition policy of the European Union.

Questions for discussion:

1. The genesis of the common trade policy and customs law of the European Union.

Customs Union and customs territory of the European Union. Exclusive competence of the European Union in the field of common trade policy. Basic principles of the European Union regarding the tariff regulation of trade in goods.

2. Measures of the European Union regarding non-tariff regulation of trade in goods. System and sources of customs law of the European Union. Common customs tariff of the European Union. Types of duties of the Common Customs Tariff of the European Union.

3. Customs status and origin of goods in the European Union. Determining the customs value of goods in the European Union. Customs procedures of the European Union.

4. Basic principles, principles and sources of competition law of the European Union. Competition rules applicable to European Union business entities. Anti-competitive agreements and cartel practice in the European Union law.

5. Definition of abuse of a dominant position in the European Union law. Control of concentrations in the European Union law. Legal regulation of state aid provision in the European Union.

Practical class № 6

Topic: Economic and Monetary Union. Common agricultural policy of the European Union. Intellectual property law in the European Union.

Purpose: To gain knowledge about the economic and monetary union in the European Union. To gain knowledge about the common agricultural policy in the European Union. To gain knowledge about the intellectual property law in the European Union.

Questions for discussion:

1. History of creation and stages of creation of the Economic and Monetary Union. Consequences of the introduction of the single European currency (euro).
2. General characteristics of the common agricultural policy of the European Union. Concepts of "agricultural products" and "agricultural producer" in the European Union law. Legal instruments of the common agrarian policy of the European Union.
3. Structural transformations in the agriculture of the European Union. Harmonization of intellectual property rights in the European Union.
4. The principle of free movement of goods and intellectual property rights in the European Union. Competition law of the European Union and intellectual property law.

Practical class № 7

Topic: Protection of consumer rights in the European Union. Legal regulation of relations between Ukraine and the European Union

Purpose: To study the principles of consumer rights protection in the European Union. To study the legal regulation of relations between Ukraine and the European Union.

Questions for discussion:

1. The history of consumer rights protection in the European Union. General characteristics of the common policy on the protection of consumer rights in the European Union. The system of bodies of the European Union for the protection of consumer rights.
2. Regulation of contractual obligations, quality of services and product safety in the European Union law. Prohibition of unfair commercial practices and unfair advertising in the field of consumer rights protection.
3. Consumer Dispute Resolution in the European Union. Formation and development of relations between Ukraine and the European Union. Legal mechanisms of cooperation between Ukraine and the European Union.
4. Legal consequences of concluding an association agreement with the European Union.

Ukraine is a candidate for membership in the European Union.

6. STUDENT-SELF STUDY ON THE DISCIPLINE

Independent work, as one of the forms of learning educational material in free time from compulsory classes and without the participation of a teacher, involves a personally-oriented organization of a student's self-education. The organization of independent work requires special attention, because part of the questions of each topic is submitted for independent study by students, and the material provided for learning during independent work is submitted for examination.

Independent work is provided with the necessary educational and methodological tools (including lecture notes, educational and methodological developments for independent study of the discipline, periodicals). Students have the opportunity to independently work on educational material in the library, study rooms and computer classes using the Internet, as well as at home (upon receipt of the appropriate package of educational and methodological literature).

Independent work is a type of extracurricular individual work of a student of an educational, educational and research nature, which is used in the process of studying the program material of the academic discipline and is completed by assessment. The goal is to independently study part of the program material, systematize, deepen, generalize, consolidate and practically apply the student's knowledge from the course and develop independent work skills.

Independent work on the course "European Union Law" consists of independent scientific research of current, debatable issues in the European Union law. The result of independent work should be the demonstrated ability to consider an important scientific topic, classify different approaches to it, operate with special professional terminology in the field of European Union law, and express one's own understanding of the problem.

Independent work on the academic discipline "European Union Law" is aimed at deepening the student's knowledge, teaching him to think originally, non-standardly, independently, creatively. For this purpose, a variety of tasks are offered for the preparation of scientific work (essay, scientific article, theses), abstracts for scientific articles, participation in scientific conferences. The "Independent Work" module can be credited based on the results of confirmation by the relevant certificate of participation in the School of Polish and European Law, the School of European Union Law, the School of European Contract Law.

Types of independent work in the academic discipline "European Union Law":

- preparation of a scientific article or theses of a scientific report for publication;
- participation in Internet conferences;
- writing essays, performing creative tasks;
- reviewing scientific articles.

The type of independent work is agreed with each student separately.

The topics of independent work are also agreed individually.

7. TRAINING ON THE DISCIPLINE "EUROPEAN UNION LAW"

Training is a planned process of modifying (changing) the attitude, knowledge or behavioral skills of the student through the acquisition of learning experience in order to achieve effective performance in one type of activity or in a certain field. Training (from the English to train - to educate, teach) is a set of exercises for training in something.

Training is an indispensable element of the training system, which provides an opportunity to obtain new knowledge and experience in their practical use by developing new skills and abilities.

The purpose of conducting training is to acquire new professional skills and abilities by the participants of the training, to form skills of cooperation, critical and logical thinking, analysis, selection and presentation of information, and to find effective ways to solve the problems posed by combining the efforts of the participants in the training group.

Recommended procedure for student preparation and participation in the training: a) independent study of relevant scientific literature and case law; b) participation in a discussion within the framework of classroom training.

The training is held at the end of the semester with a summary by discussing the results of completed tasks, exchanging views on the issues raised in the lesson.

Training topics

1. Organizational and legal forms of cooperation between Ukraine and the European Union.
2. Action plan for implementing the state's strategic course for gaining full membership of Ukraine in the European Union and the North Atlantic Treaty Organization
3. Objectives and methods of approximation of legislation.
4. Current requirements for compliance with EU legislation.

Training procedure

1. Familiarize yourself with the provisions of the EU founding treaties.
2. Analyze the features of the state's accession to the EU.
3. Present the results of the analysis of a specific training topic in the form of a team project (for example, a plan of activities provided for in the association agreement).

8. ASSESSMENT TOOLS AND METHODS OF DEMONSTRATION OF LEARNING RESULTS

In the process of studying the discipline “European Union law”, assessment tools and methods of demonstrating learning results are used: current survey; credit module survey; analytical reports, abstracts, essays; presentations of the results of completed tasks and research. The final form of control is an exam. When studying the subject «European Union law”, the following teaching methods are used: lectures, seminar classes, individual classes, performing scientific works under the guidance of a teacher.

9. ASSESSMENT POLICY

Policy on deadlines and retakes. Specific deadlines are set for the completion of all types of tasks by students and the conduct of control measures.

Retakes of modules are carried out in accordance with the established procedure.

Policy on academic integrity. Cheating during control measures is prohibited. During the control measure, a student may use only permitted auxiliary materials or means, he is prohibited from exchanging information with other students in any form, using, distributing, collecting variants of control tasks.

Policy on attendance. Attendance at classes is mandatory, missed practical classes are made up. For objective reasons (for example, quarantine, martial law, illness, foreign internship), training may take place remotely in agreement with the course leader with the permission of the faculty administration.

10. CRITERIA, FORMS OF CURRENT AND FINAL CONTROL

The final score (on a 100-point scale) from the discipline “European Union law” is determined as a weighted average, depending on the specific weight of each credit component.

Module 1		Module 2	Module 3	Module 4
20 %	20 %	5 %	15 %	40 %
Current	Modular control 1	Training	Student-self-study	Exam

assessment				
The grade is determined as the arithmetic average of the grades received during practical classes. Each applicant must be assessed at least once every two classes and receive at least seven grades. Missed practical classes must be worked out during consultation hours, otherwise they are considered a grade of "0" and are taken into account when determining the arithmetic average. For applicants who study on an individual schedule, current assessment is carried out during consultations and by completing tasks in the Moodle system. Current assessment is carried out by oral questioning, preparing scientific reports, solving problems, testing through the Moodle system during practical classes.	Modular control covers topics 1 to 16, and involves completing 10 test tasks and two theoretical questions.	The grade is defined as the arithmetic mean of the grades obtained for the performance of the training tasks.	The grade is determined as the arithmetic average of the grades received for completing various tasks related to the preparation of a scientific paper (essay, scientific article, theses), an abstract for a scientific article, participation in scientific conferences. The "Independent Work" module can be credited based on the results of confirmation by the corresponding certificate of participation in the School of Polish and European Law, the School of European Union Law, the School of European Contract Law.	The exam covers all course topics (16 topics) and involves completing 20 test tasks, 2 problems, and 2 theoretical questions.

Current survey during the lesson:

90–100 points – fully masters the educational material, freely and independently presents it in an argumentative manner during the answers, deeply and comprehensively reveals the content of theoretical questions;

75–89 points – sufficiently fully masters the educational material, but when presenting some questions there is a lack of sufficient depth and argumentation, individual minor inaccuracies and minor errors are allowed;

65–74 points – generally masters the educational material and presents its main content, but without a deep comprehensive analysis, justification and argumentation, while allowing individual significant inaccuracies and errors;

60–64 points – not fully masters the educational material, presents it fragmentarily (without argumentation and justification), insufficiently reveals the content of theoretical questions, while allowing significant inaccuracies;

1–59 points – does not possess the educational material, does not reveal the content of theoretical questions.

The final score for the current survey of each module is determined as the arithmetic average of the scores obtained during classes within each module.

Training:

90–100 points – fully masters the training material, freely independently and with justification uses it when performing training tasks, shows a creative approach to performing tasks;

75–89 points – sufficiently fully masters the training material, but when performing individual training tasks there is a lack of sufficient depth and reasoning for its use, individual minor inaccuracies and minor errors are allowed, in general, shows a creative approach to performing tasks;

65–74 points – generally masters the training material and generally uses it when performing training tasks, but without a deep comprehensive analysis, justification and argumentation, while allowing significant inaccuracies and errors, in some moments shows a creative approach to performing tasks;

60–64 points – does not fully master the training material, uses it fragmentarily (without reasoning and justification), does not sufficiently disclose the content of the training tasks, while allowing significant inaccuracies, does not demonstrate a creative approach to completing the tasks;

1–59 – does not master the training material, does not disclose the content of the training tasks, does not participate in collective tasks during the training.

Student-self study:

90–100 points – the content of the independent work fully meets the established requirements, contains elements of independent research, indicates a high level of mastery of the educational material, the student demonstrates a high level of creative approach to completing the tasks;

75–89 points – the content of the independent work mainly meets the established requirements, there may be minor shortcomings in individual tasks, indicates an adequate level of mastery of the educational material, the student demonstrates a proper creative approach to completing the tasks;

60–74 points – the tasks are completed at an insufficient level; the author's achievements are general and poorly substantiated, indicate an insufficient level of mastery of the educational material; the student makes significant errors in completing the tasks, in some moments demonstrates a creative approach to completing the tasks;

1–59 points – the tasks are practically not completed; there are no author's achievements; gross errors in solving the tasks of the work, indicating a low level of mastery of the educational material; the student does not demonstrate a creative approach to completing tasks.

Modular work, exam - types of control in which the student's assimilation of theoretical and practical material is evaluated from 0 to 100 points as the sum of points for completed tasks.

The examination consists of:

tests: 20 tests, for each of which the student can receive 1 point for a correct answer, which ultimately gives a maximum of 20 points;

2 tasks (practical tasks): 2 tasks, for each of which the student can receive from 0 to 25 points, which ultimately gives a maximum of 50 points;

15–25 points - fully masters the educational material, correctly solves the practical task and interprets the results obtained, demonstrates independence of execution.

5–14 points - sufficiently masters the educational material, correctly solves the practical task, but there is no complete answer to additional control questions, allows minor inaccuracies and fragmentarily (without reasoning) interprets the results obtained, demonstrates independence of execution.

1–4 points – does not fully master the material, solves the practical task fragmentarily, allows significant inaccuracies, presents it superficially, does not sufficiently reveal the content of the questions posed.

theoretical (problematic) question: 1 theoretical question, for the answer of which the student can receive from 0 to 30 points.

20–30 points – fully masters the educational material, comprehensively, independently and with arguments presents it during the answer, deeply and comprehensively reveals the content of the task.

1–20 points – generally masters the educational material, but not fully, presents it fragmentarily (without argumentation and justification), does not sufficiently reveal the content of the task, allowing significant inaccuracies, answers to questions are unclear.

Rating scale:

According to the scale of the University	On a national scale	According to the ECTS scale
90–100	Excellent	A (excellent)
85–89	Good	B (very good)
75–84		C (good)
65–74		D (satisfactory)
60–64	Enough	E (enough)
35–59	Unsatisfactory	FX (unsatisfactory with possibility of reassembly)
1–34		F (unsatisfactory with mandatory repeat course)

11. TOOLS, EQUIPMENT AND SOFTWARE USED BY THE COURSE

№	Name	Number of topic
1.	Flipchart	1-16
2.	Laptop	1-16
3.	Projector	1-16
4.	Package of presentation materials	1-16

RECOMMENDED SOURCES

1. Barnard C. The Substantive Law of the EU: the four freedoms. Cambridge etc.: Cambridge University Press, 2022.
2. Bieker F. The right to data protection: individual and structural dimensions of data protection in EU law. The Hague, Netherlands; Berlin, Germany: Asser Press: Springer, 2022.
3. Bordin F.L. The European Union and customary international law. Cambridge GB: Cambridge University Press, 2022.
4. Brook Or. Non-competition interests in EU antitrust law: an empirical study of Article 101 TFEU. Cambridge etc.: Cambridge University Press, 2022.
5. Claici A. The Transformation of EU Competition Law. Alphen aan den Rijn : Wolters Kluwer Law International, 2023.
6. Crijns J.H. Haentjens M. The enforcement of EU financial law. Oxford etc.: Hart, 2022.
7. Crijns J.H. Haentjens M. The enforcement of EU financial law. Oxford etc.: Hart, 2022.
8. European commentaries on private international law: commentary. Vol. 1 : Brussels ibis regulation / A.-L. C. Caravaca, J. C. Gonzales, G. Cuniberti [et al.]; edited by U. Magnus, P. Mankowski. Koln : Otto Schmidt KG, 2023.
9. European Union law / edited by C. Bernard, S. Peers. Third ed. Oxford : Oxford University Press, 2020.
10. Fox E.M., Auteur G.D. EU competition law: cases, texts and context. Alphen aan den Rijn: Wolters Kluwer Law International, 2023.
11. Galli F. Algorithmic marketing and EU law on unfair commercial practices. Cham, Switzerland: Springer, 2022.
12. Hix S. The Political System of the European Union / S. Hix. London: Palgrave Macmillan; 3rd edition edition, 2021. 448 p.
13. Kaczorowska A. European Union Law. 3rd ed. London, Routledge, 2021.
14. Kokott J. EU tax law: a handbook. München: Beck; Oxford: Hart; Baden-Baden: Nomos, 2022.
15. Lasok D., Bridge J. W. Law and Institutions of the European Communities. L., 2020.
16. Marguand D. The End of the West: The Once and Future of Europe / David Marguand. 1st ed. Princeton: Princeton University Press, 2021. 224 p.
17. Traversa E. Tax nexus and jurisdiction in international and EU law. Amsterdam The Netherlands: IBFD, 2022.
18. Tsourdi E., Bruycker P. Research handbook on EU migration and asylum law. Cheltenham; Northampton, MA: Edward Elgar Publishing, 2022.
19. Vavoula N. Immigration and privacy in the law of the European Union: the case of information systems. Leiden; Boston: Brill Nijhoff, 2022.
20. Velyvyte V. Judicial authority in EU Internal Market Law: implications for the balance of competences and powers. Oxford etc.: Hart Publishing, 2022.
21. Ziegler K.S., Päivi J. Research handbook on general principles in EU law: constructing legal orders in Europe. Cheltenham GB; Northampton Mass.: Edward Elgar Publishing, 2022.

INFORMATION SOURCES

- Official website of the European Union – https://europa.eu/european-union/index_en -

<https://eur-lex.europa.eu/homepage.html>

- Official website of the Court of Justice of the European Union - https://curia.europa.eu/jcms/jcms/j_6/de/
- Official website of the European Commission <https://ec.europa.eu/>
- European Court of Human Rights (official web portal) – <http://www.echr.coe.int/echr/>
- National Academy of Sciences of Ukraine (main portal)– <http://www.nas.gov.ua/Pages/default.aspx>
- National Academy of Legal Sciences of Ukraine – <http://www.aprnu.kharkiv.org/>
- National Institute of Strategic Studies under the President of Ukraine – <http://www.niss.gov.ua>
- Government portal (the only web portal of the executive authorities of Ukraine) – <http://www.kmu.gov.ua/control/>